

The passenger sitting next to me on the plane _____ me where I _____ from. I _____ her I _____ from Chicago. She _____ that she _____ from Mapleton, a small town in northern Michigan. She wondered if I _____ of it, and I told her that I _____. I went on to say that I thought Michigan _____ a beautiful state and explained that I _____ there on vacation many times. She _____ me if I _____ in Michigan on vacation this year. I replied that I _____ and _____ her that I _____ far away, to India. Then she asked me if it _____ a long drive from Chicago to India! My mouth fell open. I didn't know how to respond. Some people certainly need to study geography.

◇ **PRACTICE 14. Using the subjunctive. (Chart 12-8)**

Directions: Complete the sentences, using the idea of the words in parentheses.

1. (*You should organize a camping trip.*)

The girls proposed that their scout leader organize a camping trip.

2. (*Ms. Hanson thinks that the director should divide our class into two sections.*)

Ms. Hanson recommended that our class be divided into two sections.

3. (*You must call home every week.*)

Dan's parents insisted that he _____ home every week.

4. (*Someone must tell her the truth about her illness.*)

It is essential that she _____ the truth about her illness.

5. (*Open your suitcases for inspection.*)

The customs official demanded that all passengers _____ their suitcases.

6. (*Ann, you should take some art courses.*)

The counselor recommended that Ann _____ some art courses.

7. (*All parts of the motor must work correctly.*)

It is vital that all parts of the motor _____ in proper working order.

8. (*Please mail all packages at the central office.*)

The director requests that all packages _____ at the central office.

9. (*Soldiers must obey their officers.*)

It is imperative that soldiers _____ their officers.

10. (*We must remember to give the babysitter certain phone numbers to call in case of emergency.*)

It is important that the babysitter _____ phone numbers to call in case of emergency.

◇ PRACTICE 15. Using *-ever* words. (Chart 12-9)

Directions: Complete these sentences by using *-ever* words.

1. As vice-president of international sales, Robert has complete control over his travel schedule. He can travel whenever he wants.
2. Robert is free to decide which countries he will visit during his overseas trips. He can travel wherever he wants.
3. The English professor told us that we could write our papers on _____ subject we wanted as long as it related to the topics we discussed in class this semester.
4. There are only two appointment time slots remaining. You may select _____ one you prefer.
5. To Ellen, the end justifies the means. She will do _____ she has to do in order to accomplish her objective.
6. Linda is very amiable and gregarious. She makes friends with _____ she meets.
7. It doesn't matter which class you take to fulfill this requirement. Just take _____ one fits best into your schedule.
8. _____ is the last to leave the room should turn off the lights and lock the door.
9. I know that Norman will succeed. He'll do _____ is required to succeed.
10. My wife and I are going to ride our bicycles across the country. We will ride for six to seven hours every day, then stop _____ we happen to be at the end of the day.

◇ PRACTICE 16. TEST A: Noun clauses. (Chapter 12)

Directions: In each sentence, select the ONE correct answer.

Example: He asked me where B.

- A. did I live B. I lived C. do you live D. that I lived

1. I talked to Bob two weeks ago. I thought he wanted to know about my cat, but I misunderstood him. He asked me where _____, not my cat.
A. is my hat B. my hat was C. my hat is D. was my hat
2. "The people in the apartment upstairs must have a lot of children."
"I don't know how many _____, but it sounds like they have a dozen."
A. children do they have C. children they have
B. do they have children D. they have children
3. Do you know _____? I myself have no idea.
A. how many years the earth is C. how long is the earth
B. how old the earth is D. how much time has been the earth
4. "There's too much noise in this room. I can't understand what _____."
A. is the professor saying C. that the professor is saying
B. is saying the professor D. the professor is saying
5. When I was little, my father gave me some advice. He said _____ talk to strangers.
A. I shouldn't B. that shouldn't C. don't D. that I don't
6. "I didn't expect Ann's husband to be here at the opera with her."
"I'm surprised, too. Ann must have insisted that _____ with her."
A. he come B. he comes C. he came D. he had come
7. "Ms. Wright, can you give me a little extra help typing some letters today?"
"Sorry, I can't. The boss has an urgent report for me to write. She demanded that it _____ on her desk by 5 P.M. today."
A. was B. will be C. is D. be
8. "Did you tell Carol where _____ us this evening?"
"Yes, I did. I can't understand why she is late."
A. should she meet C. she meets
B. she to meet D. to meet
9. A fortune-teller predicted _____ inherit a lot of money before the end of the year.
A. that I would B. that I C. what I will D. what I
10. "Bill Frazer seems like a good person for the job, but we don't know why he left his last job."
"I know why. He told me _____ a serious policy disagreement with his boss last January."
A. if he'd had B. he'd had C. what he'd had D. that what he had
11. "Is it true that you fell asleep in class yesterday and began to snore?"
"Unfortunately, yes. _____ is unbelievable! I'm very embarrassed."
A. That I could do such a thing it C. I could do such a thing it
B. That I could do such a thing D. I could do such a thing

12. "Officer, can you tell me how to get to Springfield?"
 "Sure. What part of Springfield _____ to go to?"
 A. do you want B. you want C. that you want D. where you want
13. "Is it true _____ the law says there is no smoking in restaurants in this city?"
 A. that what B. what C. if D. that
14. _____ prompt is important to our boss.
 A. A person is C. If a person is
 B. Is a person D. Whether or not a person is
15. A scientific observer of wildlife must note every detail of how _____ in their environment: their eating and sleeping habits, their social relationships, and their methods of self-protection.
 A. do animals live B. live animals C. do live animals D. animals live
16. The mystery movie was clever and suspenseful. The audience couldn't guess _____ committed the murder until the surprise ending.
 A. who he B. who had C. that who D. that
17. How do you like your new school? Tell me _____.
 A. who in your class is C. who is in your class
 B. who your class is in D. your class who is in it
18. "What do you recommend _____ about this tax problem?"
 "I strongly suggest that we consult an expert as soon as possible."
 A. do we do B. we will do C. we do D. should we do
19. The college does not grant degrees simply to _____ pays the cost of tuition; the student must satisfy the academic requirements.
 A. whoever B. who C. whomever D. whoever that
20. "What are you going to buy in this store?"
 "Nothing. _____ want is much too expensive."
 A. That I B. What I C. That what I D. What do I

◇ PRACTICE 17. TEST B: Noun clauses. (Chapter 12)

Directions: In each sentence, select the ONE correct answer.

Example: He asked me where B.

- A. did I live B. I lived C. do you live D. that I lived

1. "Does anybody know _____ on the ground?"
"Your guess is as good as mine."
A. how long this plane will be C. how long will this plane be
B. how long will be this plane D. that how long this plane will be
2. "This restaurant is very expensive!"
"It is, but order _____ want. Your birthday is a very special occasion."
A. what is it you C. whatever you
B. what do you D. whatever you do
3. Why did Beth ask you _____ a bicycle?
A. that if you had B. do you have C. that you had D. if you had
4. "What did your grammar teacher want to talk to you about?"
"I did badly on the last test. She _____ studied for it."
A. said why hadn't I C. said why I hadn't
B. asked why hadn't I D. asked why I hadn't
5. "Why are you staring out the window? What _____ about?"
"Nothing."
A. you are thinking C. are you thinking
B. you think D. do you are thinking
6. "I can't decide what color I want for my bedroom. What do you think?"
"You should choose _____ color you want. You're the one who will have to live with it."
A. whichever that B. whatever C. however D. that what
7. "Did you remember to tell Marge _____ she should bring to the meeting tomorrow?"
"Oh, my gosh! I completely forgot! I'm sorry."
A. that B. what C. if D. that what
8. "My aunt has been feeling bad since Uncle George died. Is it because she's depressed?"
"I think so. _____ can cause debilitating physical symptoms is a medical fact."
A. Depression C. That depression
B. That depression it D. It is that depression
9. There was an earthquake on the coast yesterday. Fortunately, there was no loss of life. However, because of the danger of collapsing sea walls, it was essential that the area _____ evacuated quickly.
A. to be B. will be C. be D. is
10. _____ saying was so important that I asked everyone to stop talking and listen.
A. What the woman was C. That the woman was
B. The woman was D. What was the woman

11. "This cake is terrible. What happened?"
 "It's my grandmother's recipe, but she forgot to tell me how long _____ it."
 A. did I bake B. should I bake C. do I bake D. to bake
12. "Let's go to Riverton this weekend."
 "Sounds like fun. _____ from here?"
 A. How far is B. How far it is C. It how far is D. How far is it
13. "Somebody forgot this hat. I wonder _____."
 A. whose is this hat C. whose hat is
 B. whose hat this is D. is this whose hat
14. Edward's interview was very intense. The interviewer wanted to know many facts about his personal life, and even asked him _____ had ever used any illegal drugs of any kind.
 A. that if he B. that he C. if or not he D. whether or not he
15. It is hoped that all present-day communicable diseases will be conquered. However, _____ about certain diseases is still not sufficient to prevent them from spreading easily among the population.
 A. what we know C. what we know that
 B. what do we know D. that we know what
16. "Why didn't Henry attend the meeting this morning?"
 "He's been very sick. His doctor insisted that he _____ in bed this week."
 A. will stay B. stayed C. stays D. stay
17. Nobody yet knew what _____ to cause the dam to burst, but the residents of the area organized quickly to protect life and property against the rising floods.
 A. happens B. had happened C. happen D. did it happen
18. Did the teacher explain how _____ this problem?"
 A. do we solve B. can we solve C. to solve D. solve
19. _____ the National Weather Bureau predicted severe storms did not deter the fishing boats from going out into the open seas.
 A. The fact that B. That fact is that C. Is fact that D. The fact is that
20. Tom walked into the huge hall to register for classes. At first, he simply looked around and wondered what _____ supposed to do.
 A. was he B. am I C. he was D. I am

◇ PRACTICE 2. Basic patterns of adjective clauses. (Charts 13-1 → 13-4)

Directions: In the spaces, write all the pronouns possible to complete each sentence. Write Ø if the sentence is correct without adding a pronoun.

1. Mr. Green is the man

who(m)
that
Ø

 I was talking about.

2. She is the woman

who
that

 sits next to me in class.

3. The hat

--

 Tom is wearing is unusual.

4. Hunger and poverty are worldwide problems to

--

 solutions must be found.

5. I enjoyed talking with the man

--

 I sat next to on the plane.

6. People

--

 fear flying avoid traveling by plane.

7. That is the man

--

 daughter won the spelling bee.

8. The people about

--

 the novelist wrote were factory workers and their families.

9. A barrel is a large container

--

 is made of wood or metal.

◇ PRACTICE 3. Basic patterns of adjective clauses. (Charts 13-1 → 13-4)

Directions: Write all the pronouns possible to complete each sentence. Write Ø if the sentence is correct without adding a pronoun.

PART I. Using subject pronouns in adjective clauses.

1. The bat is the only mammal

which that

 can fly.

2. People

--

 don't get enough sleep may become short-tempered and irritable.

3. The cold weather

--

 swept in from the north damaged the fruit crop.

4. Alex bought a bicycle

--

 is specially designed for long-distance racing.

5. I read about a woman

--

 makes old-fashioned clocks for a living.

PART II. Using object pronouns in adjective clauses.

6. We used the map

which that Ø

 my sister drew for us.

7. The teacher

--

 I like the most is Mrs. Grange.

8. Louise, tell us about the movie

--

 you saw last night.

9. The subject about Dr. Gold spoke was interesting.

10. The subjects we talk about in class are interesting.

11. The person to Ann spoke could not answer her question.

12. I enjoyed the people I talked to at the party.

◇ **PRACTICE 4. Adjective clause patterns. (Charts 13-1 → 13-4)**

Directions: Combine the sentences, using all possible forms. Use (b) as an adjective clause.

1. (a) Louis knows the woman. (b) The woman is meeting us at the airport.
→ *Louis knows the woman $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{who} \\ \text{that} \end{array} \right\}$ is meeting us at the airport.*
2. (a) The chair is an antique. (b) Sally inherited it from her grandmother.
3. (a) The bench was wet. (b) I sat on it.
4. (a) The man finished the job in four days. (b) I hired him to paint my house.
5. (a) I miss seeing the old woman. (b) She used to sell flowers on that street corner.
6. (a) The architect is brilliant. (b) Mario works with him.
7. (a) Mary tutors students. (b) They need extra help in geometry.
8. (a) I took a picture of the rainbow. (b) It appeared in the sky after the shower.

◇ **PRACTICE 5. Adjective clauses: using *whose*. (Chart 13-6)**

Directions: Combine the sentences, using *whose* in an adjective clause.

1. (a) Do you know the man? (b) His car is parked over there.
→ *Do you know the man whose car is parked over there?*
2. (a) I know a woman. (b) Her name is May Day.
3. (a) The people were very hospitable. (b) We visited their home.
4. (a) The school principal walked down the hallway to find the boy. (b) His parents had been injured in an automobile accident.
5. (a) Mrs. Lake is the teacher. (b) I enjoy her class the most.
6. (a) Any company is stifling the creativity of its workforce. (b) Their employees are in constant fear of losing their jobs.

◇ **PRACTICE 6. Adjective clauses: using *where* and *when*. (Charts 13-7 and 13-8)**

Directions: Begin your response with "That is . . ." Use *where* or *when* in an adjective clause.

Example: You were born in *that* city.

Response: That is *the* city **where** I was born.

1. We have class in that room.
2. We ate dinner at that restaurant.
3. Anna works in that building
4. I was born in that year.
5. You eat lunch at that cafeteria.
6. The monsoons arrive in that month.
7. Alex lives on that street.
8. You spent your vacation on that island.
9. You went swimming in that lake.
10. You grew up in that town.
11. The space flight to Mars is scheduled to leave on that day.
12. The earthquake occurred in that country.
13. The examination will be given in that room.
14. You lived in that city until you were ten years old.
15. You felt the happiest at that time.

◇ **PRACTICE 7. Adjective clauses. (Charts 13-1 → 13-4)**

Directions: Choose the correct answer or answers.

1. Yoko told me about students A, D have taken the entrance exam 13 times.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that
2. The secretary B, C, D I talked to didn't know where the meeting was.
A. which B. whom C. that D. Ø
3. You need to talk to a person _____ you can trust. You will feel better if you do.
A. whose B. which C. whom D. Ø
4. Bob is the kind of person to _____ one can talk about anything.
A. who B. whom C. that D. him
5. He is a person _____ friends trust him.
A. who B. his C. that D. whose
6. I'm looking for an electric can opener _____ also can sharpen knives.
A. who B. which C. that D. Ø
7. People _____ live in glass houses shouldn't throw stones.*
A. who B. whom C. which D. Ø
8. The problems _____ Tony has seen insurmountable.
A. what B. he C. that D. Ø

*This is an idiom that means people shouldn't criticize others for faults they themselves have. For example, a lazy person shouldn't criticize another person for being lazy.

9. The man _____ I introduced you to last night may be the next president of the university.
A. which B. whom C. that D. Ø
10. Cathy is trustworthy. She's a person upon _____ you can always depend.
A. who B. whom C. that D. Ø
11. Your career should focus on a field in _____ you are genuinely interested.
A. which B. what C. that D. Ø
12. People _____ outlook on life is optimistic are usually happy people.
A. whose B. whom C. that D. which

◇ **PRACTICE 8. Adjective clauses: subject-verb agreement.**
(Charts 13-1 and 13-2; Chapter 6)

Directions: Choose the correct verb in *italics*.

1. There are three students in my class who *speaks, (speak)* French.
2. There is one student in my class who *speaks, speak* Greek.
3. The patients who *is, are* treated at City Hospital *doesn't, don't* need to have private physicians.
4. The courses this school *offers, offer* *is, are* listed in the catalog.
5. A pedometer is an instrument that *measures, measure* the distance a person *walks, walk*.
6. People who *suffers, suffer* from extreme shyness can sometimes overcome their problem by taking a public speaking class.
7. In the months that *has, have* passed since the accident, Robert has regained the use of his legs.
8. Malnutrition and illiteracy are among the problems in the world that *has, have* no simple solutions.
9. Most advertisements are directed toward adults and teenagers, but you can see commercials on television that *is, are* aimed at prompting children to persuade their parents to buy certain products.
10. The requirements of the school as written in the catalog *states, state* that all students who *wishes, wish* to attend must take an entrance exam.

◇ **PRACTICE 9. Punctuating adjective clauses. (Chart 13-10)**

Directions: Circle YES if the adjective clause requires commas and add them in the appropriate places. Circle NO if the adjective clause does not require commas.

1. YES (NO) I made an appointment with a doctor who is considered an expert on eye disorders.
2. (YES) NO I made an appointment with Dr. Raven, who is considered an expert on eye disorders.
3. YES NO The car that Al bought had had three previous owners, but it was in excellent condition.
4. YES NO We thoroughly enjoyed the music which we heard at the concert last Sunday.

5. YES NO Bogota which is the capital of Colombia is a cosmopolitan city.
6. YES NO They climbed Mount Rainier which is in the State of Washington twice last year.
7. YES NO Emeralds which are valuable gemstones are mined in Colombia.
8. YES NO The company offered the position to John whose department performed best this year.
9. YES NO On our trip to Africa we visited Nairobi which is near several fascinating game reserves and then traveled to Egypt to see the pyramids.
10. YES NO I think the waiter who took our order used to work at Captain Bob's Restaurant.
11. YES NO Someone who understands physics better than I do is going to have to help you.
12. YES NO Larry was very close to his only brother who was a famous social historian.
13. YES NO Violent tropical storms that occur in western Asia are called typhoons.
14. YES NO Similar storms that occur on the Atlantic side of the Americas are called hurricanes rather than typhoons.
15. YES NO A typhoon which is a violent tropical storm can cause great destruction.
16. YES NO According to the news report, the typhoon that threatened to strike the Indonesian coast has moved away from land and toward open water.

◇ **PRACTICE 10. Punctuating adjective clauses. (Chart 13-10)**

Directions: Choose the correct answer or answers.

1. Ms. Donaldson, A teaches linguistics at the university, recently received recognition for her research on the use of gestures in communication.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that E. Ø
2. A woman A, D teaches linguistics at the university received an award for outstanding research.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that E. Ø
3. The earth, _____ is the fifth largest planet in the solar system, is the third planet from the sun.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that E. Ø
4. A grant of \$1.5 million was awarded to Dr. Sato, _____ has impressed the scientific community with his research on the common cold.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that E. Ø
5. The award for the Most Valuable Player was won by a player _____ the coaches and the entire team respect.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that E. Ø
6. The award was won by Dennis Johnson, _____ the coach highly respects.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that E. Ø
7. My accountant, _____ understands the complexities of the tax system, is doing my taxes this year.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that E. Ø
8. The school board voted to close a neighborhood elementary school. The decision, _____ affected over 200 students, was not warmly received in the community.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that E. Ø

9. Our office needs a secretary _____ knows how to use various word processing programs.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that E. Ø
10. The winner of the Nobel Prize in physics dedicated the honor to his high school physics teacher, _____ had been an inspiration during his early years.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that E. Ø
11. The consultant _____ was hired to advise us never really understood our situation.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that E. Ø
12. I gave the check to Oliver, _____ promptly cashed it and spent all the money before the day was out.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that E. Ø
13. The check _____ I gave Oliver was for work he'd done for me.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that E. Ø

◇ **PRACTICE 11. Punctuating adjective clauses. (Chart 13-10)**

Directions: Choose the correct explanation of the meaning of each sentence.

1. The students, who attend class five hours per day, have become quite proficient in their new language.
 - (a.) *All* of the students attend class for five hours per day.
 - b. *Only some* of the students attend class for five hours per day.
2. The students who attend class five hours per day have become quite proficient in their new language.
 - a. *All* of the students attend class for five hours per day.
 - (b.) *Only some* of the students attend class for five hours per day.
3. The orchestra conductor signaled the violinists, who were to begin playing.
 - a. *All* of the violinists were to begin playing.
 - b. *Only some* of the violinists were to begin playing.
4. The orchestra conductor signaled the violinists who were to begin playing.
 - a. *All* of the violinists were to begin playing.
 - b. *Only some* of the violinists were to begin playing.
5. I put the vase on top of the TV set, which is in the living room.
 - a. I have *more than one* TV set.
 - b. I have *only one* TV set.
6. I put the vase on top of the TV set that is in the living room.
 - a. I have *more than one* TV set.
 - b. I have *only one* TV set.
7. Trees which lose their leaves in winter are called deciduous trees.
 - a. *All* trees lose their leaves in winter.
 - b. *Only some* trees lose their leaves in winter.
8. Pine trees, which are evergreen, grow well in a cold climate.
 - a. *All* pine trees are evergreen.
 - b. *Only some* pine trees are evergreen.

◇ **PRACTICE 12. Punctuating adjective clauses. (Charts 13-10 → 13-13)**

Directions: Circle YES if the adjective clause requires commas and add the commas in the appropriate places. Circle NO if the adjective clause does not require commas.

1. YES NO Thirty people, two of whom were members of the crew, were killed in the ferry accident.
2. YES NO I'm trying to convince my mother to buy a small car which has front-wheel drive instead of a large car with rear-wheel drive.
3. YES NO Over 500 students took the entrance examination the results of which will be posted in the administration building at the end of the month.
4. YES NO The newspapers carried the story of an accident in which four pedestrians were injured.
5. YES NO The newly married couple that lives next door just moved here from California.
6. YES NO The new supervisor was not happy with his work crew none of whom seemed interested in doing quality work.
7. YES NO My oldest brother in whose house I lived for six months when I was ten has been a father to me in many ways.
8. YES NO Tom is always interrupting me which makes me mad.
9. YES NO To express the uselessness of worrying, Mark Twain once said, "I've had a lot of problems in my life most of which never happened."

◇ **PRACTICE 13. Expressions of quantity in adjective clauses. (Chart 13-11)**

Directions: Combine the sentences. Use the second sentence as an adjective clause.

1. I received two job offers. I accepted neither of them.
→ *I received two job offers, neither of which I accepted.*
2. I have three brothers. Two of them are professional athletes.
3. Jerry is engaged in several business ventures. Only one of them is profitable.
4. The United States of America is a union of fifty states. The majority of them are located east of the Mississippi River.
5. The two women have already dissolved their business partnership. Both of them are changing careers.
6. Tom is proud of his success. Much of it has been due to hard work, but some of it has been due to good luck.

◇ **PRACTICE 14. Adjective phrases. (Charts 13-14 and 13-15)**

Directions: Change the adjective clauses to adjective phrases.

1. Only a few of the movies that are shown at the Gray Theater are suitable for children.
→ *Only a few of the movies shown at the Gray Theater are suitable for children.*
2. We visited Madrid, which is the capital of Spain..
→ *We visited Madrid, the capital of Spain.*
3. The couple who live in the house next door are both college professors.
4. Astronomy, which is the study of planets and stars, is one of the world's oldest sciences.

5. Only a small fraction of the eggs that are laid by a fish actually hatch and survive to adulthood.
6. Jasmine, which is a viny plant with fragrant flowers, grows only in warm places.
7. Arizona, which was once thought to be a useless desert, is today a rapidly growing industrial and agricultural state.
8. Simon Bolivar, who was a great South American general, led the fight for independence early in the 19th century.
9. In hot weather, many people enjoy lemonade, which is a drink that is made from lemon juice, water, and sugar.
10. I was awakened by the sound of laughter which came from the room which was next to mine at the motel.
11. Few tourists ever see a jaguar, which is a spotted wild cat that is native to tropical America.

◇ **PRACTICE 15. Punctuating adjective phrases. (Charts 13-14 and 13-15)**

Directions: Add commas where necessary.

1. A national holiday has been established in memory of Martin Luther King, Jr. the leader of the civil rights movement in the United States in the 1950s and 1960s.
2. Neil Armstrong the first person to set foot on the moon reported that the surface was fine and powdery.
3. Mark Twain is an author known far and wide as one of the greatest American humorists.
4. Susan B. Anthony one of the first leaders of the campaign for women's rights worked tirelessly during her lifetime to gain the right to vote for women.

◇ **PRACTICE 16. Adjective phrases. (Charts 13-14 and 13-15)**

Directions: Combine the sentences. Use the second sentence as an adjective phrase.

1. Louisville was founded in 1778. It is the largest city in Kentucky.
→ *Louisville, the largest city in Kentucky, was founded in 1778.*
2. John Quincy Adams was born on July 11, 1767. He was the sixth president of the United States.
3. Two languages, Finnish and Swedish, are used in Helsinki. It is the capital of Finland.
4. The Washington National Monument is a famous landmark in the nation's capital. It is a towering obelisk made of white marble.
5. Honolulu has consistently pleasant weather. It is best known to the traveler for Waikiki Beach.
6. Libya is a leading producer of oil. It is a country in North Africa.

◇ **PRACTICE 17. Adjective phrases. (Charts 13-14 and 13-15)**

Directions: Change all of the adjective clauses to adjective phrases.

1. None of the pedestrians who were walking up and down the busy street stopped to help or even inquire about the elderly man who was slumped in the doorway of an apparently unoccupied building.
→ *None of the pedestrians walking up and down the busy street stopped to help or even inquire about the elderly man slumped in the doorway of an apparently unoccupied building.*
2. Food that passes from the mouth to the stomach goes through a tube which is called the esophagus.
3. Animals that are born in a zoo generally adjust to captivity better than those that are captured in the wild.
4. The children attended a special movie program that consisted of cartoons that featured Donald Duck and Mickey Mouse.
5. One of the most important foodstuffs in the world is flour, which is a fine powder that is made by grinding wheat or other grains.
6. Nero, who was Emperor of Rome from A.D. 54 to 68, is believed to have murdered both his mother and his wife.
7. The conclusion which is presented in that book states that most of the automobiles which are produced by American industry in the 1960s and '70s had some defect.
8. Pictures that showed the brutality of war entered the living rooms of millions of TV watchers on the nightly news.
9. The Indians who lived in Peru before the discovery of the New World by Europeans belonged to the Incan culture.
10. My uncle Elias, who is a restaurant owner, often buys fish and shellfish from boats that are docked at the local pier. Customers come from miles around to dine on a seafood feast that is considered to be the best in all of the northeastern United States.
11. Hundreds of volunteers went to a northern village yesterday to reinforce firefighters who are trying to save a settlement which is threatened by a forest fire. The fire started when a cigarette ignited oil which was leaking from a machine which is used to cut timber.
12. Researchers have developed a way to mark genes so that they glow in the dark, which is a technique that scientists can use to follow specific genetic activity of cells which are within plants and animals. This development, which was announced by the National Science Foundation, which is the sponsor of the research, should prove useful to scientists who study the basic functions of organisms.

◇ **PRACTICE 18. Error analysis: adjective clauses and phrases. (Charts 13-2 → 13-15)**

Directions: All of the following sentences contain errors in adjective clauses, adjective phrases, or punctuation. Find the errors and correct them, using any appropriate form.

1. When we walked past the theater, there were a lot of people waited in a long line outside the box office.
2. Students who living on campus are close to their classrooms and the library.
3. If you need any information, see the librarian sits at the central desk on the second floor.
4. My oldest sister is Anna is 21 years old.
5. Hiroko was born in Sapporo that is a city in Japan.
6. Patrick who is my oldest brother. He is married and has one child.
7. The person sits next to me is someone I've never met him.
8. My favorite place in the world is a small city is located on the southern coast of Brazil.
9. Last Saturday I attended a party giving by one of my friends. My friend, who his apartment is in another town, was very glad I could come.
10. Dr. Darnell was the only person to whom I wanted to see.
11. There are eighty students, are from all over the world, study English at this school.
12. The people who we met them on our trip last May are going to visit us in October.
13. Dianne Jones that used to teach Spanish has organized a tour of Central America for senior citizens.
14. I've met many people since I came here who some of them are from my country.
15. People can speak English can be understood in many countries.

◇ PRACTICE 19. TEST A: Adjective clauses. (Chapter 13)

Directions: Choose the correct answer.

Example: Friends are people B close to us.

- A. who is B. who are C. which is D. which are

1. "Who is eligible for the scholarship?"
"Anyone _____ scholastic record is above average can apply for the scholarship."
A. who has a B. has a C. who's a D. whose
2. Dr. Sales is a person _____.
A. in whom I don't have much confidence C. whom I don't have much confidence in him
B. in that I don't have much confidence D. I don't have much confidence
3. "Is April twenty-first the day _____?"
"No, the twenty-second."
A. you'll arrive then C. on that you'll arrive
B. when you'll arrive D. when you'll arrive on
4. The severe drought _____ occurred last summer ruined the corn crop.
A. that it B. which it C. it D. that
5. Florida, _____ the Sunshine State, attracts many tourists every year.
A. is B. known as C. is known as D. that is known as
6. The new shopping mall is gigantic. It's advertised as a place _____ you can find just about anything you might want to buy.
A. where B. which C. in where D. in that
7. Lola's marriage has been arranged by her family. She is marrying a man _____.
A. that she hardly knows him C. she hardly knows
B. whom she hardly knows him D. she hardly knows him
8. People who exercise frequently have greater physical endurance than those _____.
A. who doesn't B. that doesn't C. which don't D. who don't
9. "Is this the address to _____ you want the package sent?"
A. where B. that C. which D. whom
10. Ann quit her job at the advertising agency, _____ surprised everyone.
A. which B. that C. who D. that it
11. That book is by a famous anthropologist. It's about the people in Samoa _____ for two years.
A. that she lived C. among whom she lived
B. that she lived among them D. where she lived among them
12. The missing man's family is desperately seeking anyone _____ information about his activities.
A. has B. having C. who have D. have

13. The publishers expect that the new biography of Simon Bolivar will be bought by people _____ in Latin American history.
- A. who are interested C. interested
B. are interested D. they are interested
14. I have always wanted to visit Paris, _____ of France.
- A. is the capital C. that is the capital
B. which the capital is D. the capital
15. The chemistry book _____ was a little expensive.
- A. that I bought it B. I bought that C. what I bought D. I bought
16. "Have you ever met the man _____ over there?"
"No. Who is he?"
- A. stands C. is standing
B. standing D. who he is standing
17. "Do you have the book _____ the teacher?"
"Yes, I do."
- A. that it belongs to C. to which belongs
B. to which belongs to D. that belongs to
18. The voters were overwhelmingly against the candidate _____ proposals called for higher taxes.
- A. who his B. whose C. whom he had D. that his
19. "Do you remember Mrs. Goddard, _____ taught us English composition?"
"I certainly do."
- A. who B. whom C. that D. which
20. I have three brothers, _____ are businessmen.
- A. that all of them C. all of whom
B. who they all D. who all of them